

Today's
objective is:

- To recognise fiction and non-fiction books.



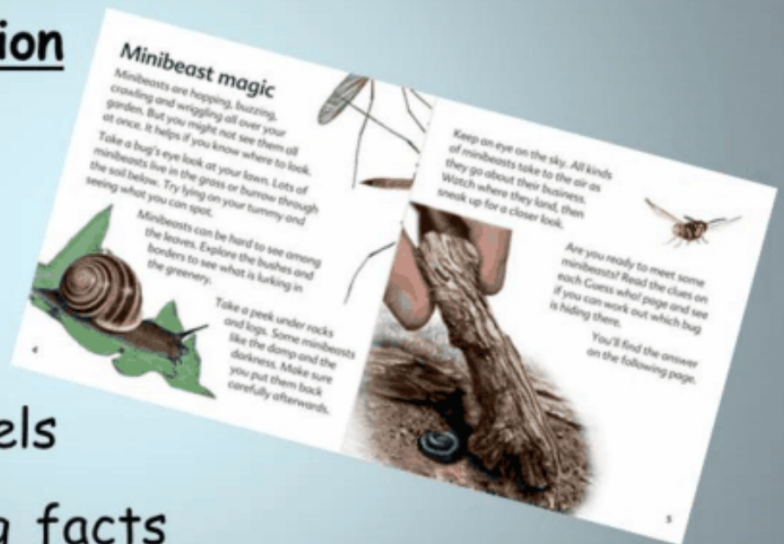
Fiction books

- ★ Tell a story
- ★ Characters
- ★ Illustrations



Non-Fiction books

- ★ Tell you information
- ★ Contents page
- ★ Glossary
- ★ Index
- ★ Diagrams and labels
- ★ Full of interesting facts



Today, we're going to
look at an example of a
non-fiction text

Contents

Contents

Minibeasts everywhere!	4
Bug hunt	6
Copy cats	8
All change!	10
Monster minibeasts	12
Amazing minibeasts	14
Master builders	16
Helpful minibeasts	18

Contents Page

A contents page is at the front of a book. It tells you what is in the book in order, listing the titles of the chapters or sections.

Glossary

Glossary

abdomen The back part of a creepy-crawly's body. Inside the abdomen is the heart, and the various parts that break down food and help a creature produce its young.



antenna (*plural antennae*) One of a pair of feelers that pick up scents and tastes on the air, and help an animal feel its way around.

bug A group of insects with a long, sharp feeding tube, which they use to pierce animals or plants and suck out their juices.

fang The claw-like part of a spider's jaws that it uses to stick into an animal and inject poison.

gill The part of an animal's body that allows it to breathe under water. The gills soak up oxygen that has dissolved in water. The nymphs of water insects, such as damselflies and dragonflies, have gills. So do tadpoles and crabs.

grub Another name for the legless larva of an insect.

insect An animal with three parts to its body and three



nymph The young stage of an insect, such as a grasshopper or a dragonfly, which changes gradually into an adult without passing through a pupa stage.



oxygen A gas that all animals need to breathe in order to survive. Oxygen is one of the gases found in the air, and in water.

palp One of a pair of feelers near the jaws of a spider or an insect, which feel and taste its food.

Glossary

A glossary is like a dictionary, which explains what key words from the text mean.



Index

Index



Banded snail p25



Common earwig p33



Emperor dragonfly
p21



Lacewing p17



Black garden ant p31



Common wasp p41



Frog hopper p11



Ladybird p15

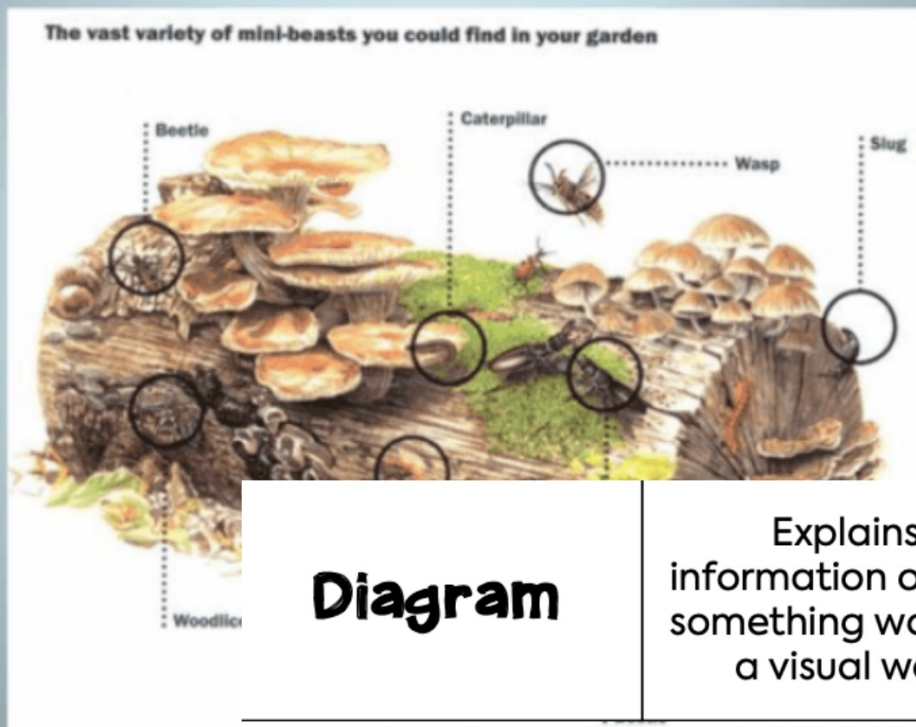


Index Page

The index is usually at the back of the book. It lists important words from the book in alphabetical order.



Diagrams



Interesting facts

Facts about minibeasts!

- A minibeast is a small animal or 'creepy crawly'.
- Minibeasts do not have a back bone (invertebrates).
- Minibeasts do not have a skeleton inside.
- Some minibeasts have a hard shell to live in.
- Minibeasts need shelter, water, food and air to survive.
- Some minibeasts are carnivores (eat meat) and some are herbivores (eat plants).
- There are lots of different types of minibeasts e.g. insects, arachnids, molluscs etc.
- Minibeasts can be found on land and in water!



Fiction vs Non-Fiction

Fiction:

- is not real;
- tells a story;
- has different characters;
- usually has illustrations;
- has a setting;
- usually contains a problem and solution;
- is written in chapters;
- is usually written in chronological order.



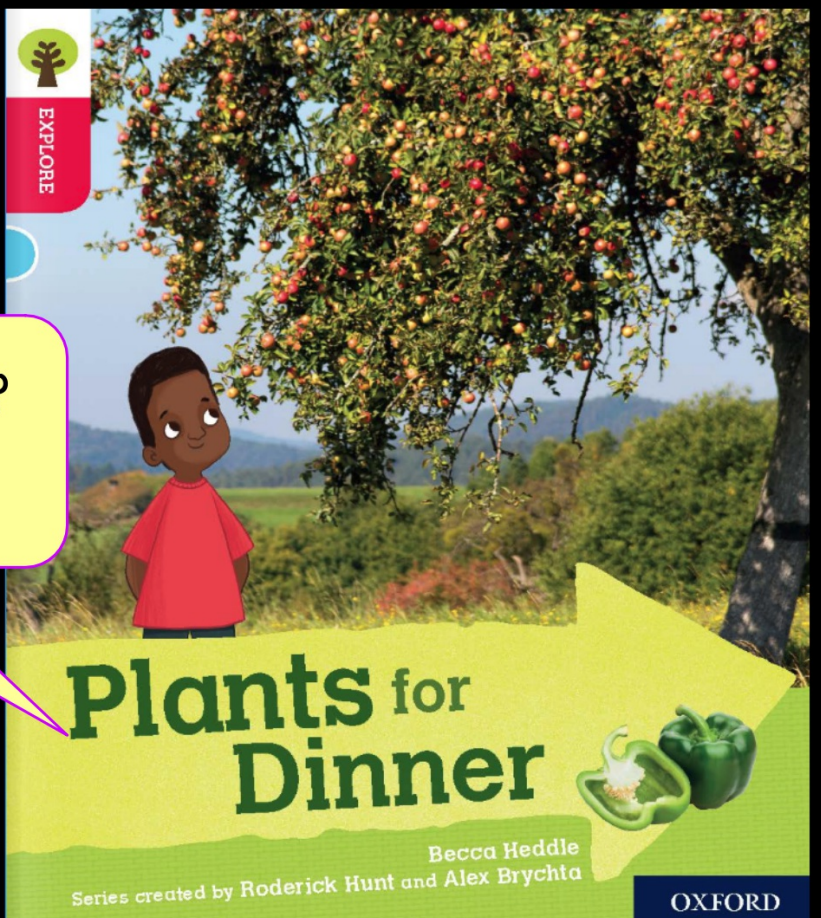
Non-Fiction:

- is real and based on facts;
- tells the reader information;
- usually has a contents page;
- usually has a glossary;
- usually has an index;
- normally has diagrams and labels; can contain photographs.



Use what you have just learnt to answer the following questions about the features of a non-fiction text.

The answer for each question will be on the slide straight after.



What do we call this?
What is it for?

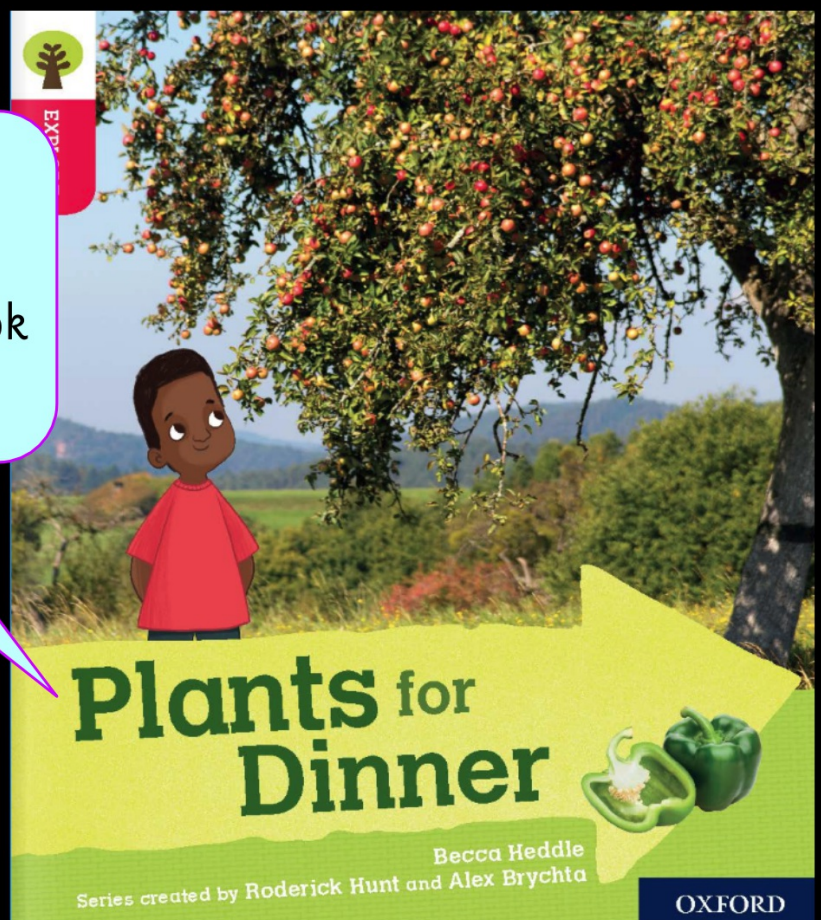
Plants for Dinner

Becca Heddle
Series created by Roderick Hunt and Alex Brychta

OXFORD

This is the title.

It tells us what the book is going to be about.

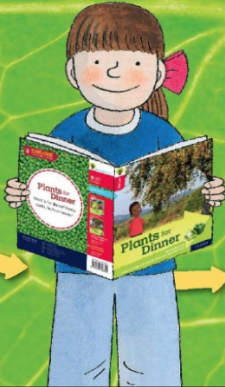


What is this?
What is it for?

In this book you will see ✓ and ✗
on plants.

✓ is for plants that are food

✗ is for plants that are not food



Contents

Plants for Dinner.....	4
Roots	6
Stems	8
Leaves	10
Buds and Flowers	12
Fruit.....	14
Seeds	16
Shoots	18
Parts of Plants	20
Glossary and Index	22
Look Back, Explorers	23

What are these
numbers?

This is the contents page. It tells us what is in the book in order, listing the titles of the chapters or sections.

In this book you will see ✓ and ✗ on plants.

- ✓ is for plants that are food
- ✗ is for plants that are not food

Contents

Plants for Dinner.....	4
Roots	6
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What are these numbers?

What is this?

Why is it in bold?

Plants for Dinner

What is for dinner?

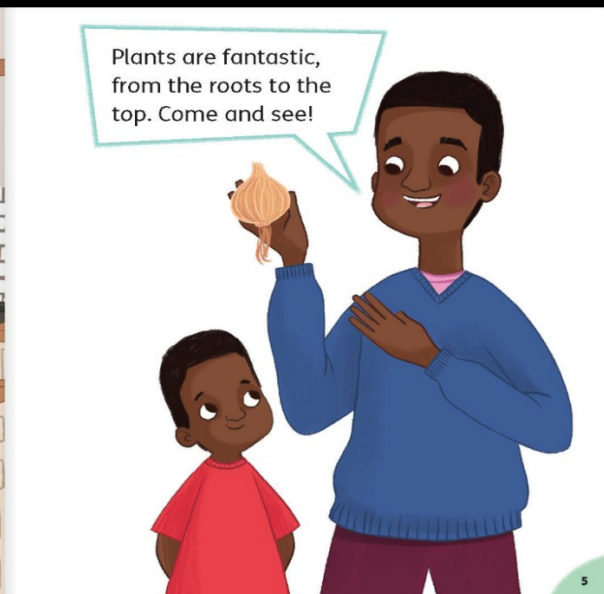
Plants! Will you help me cook?

Plants are fantastic, from the roots to the top. Come and see!



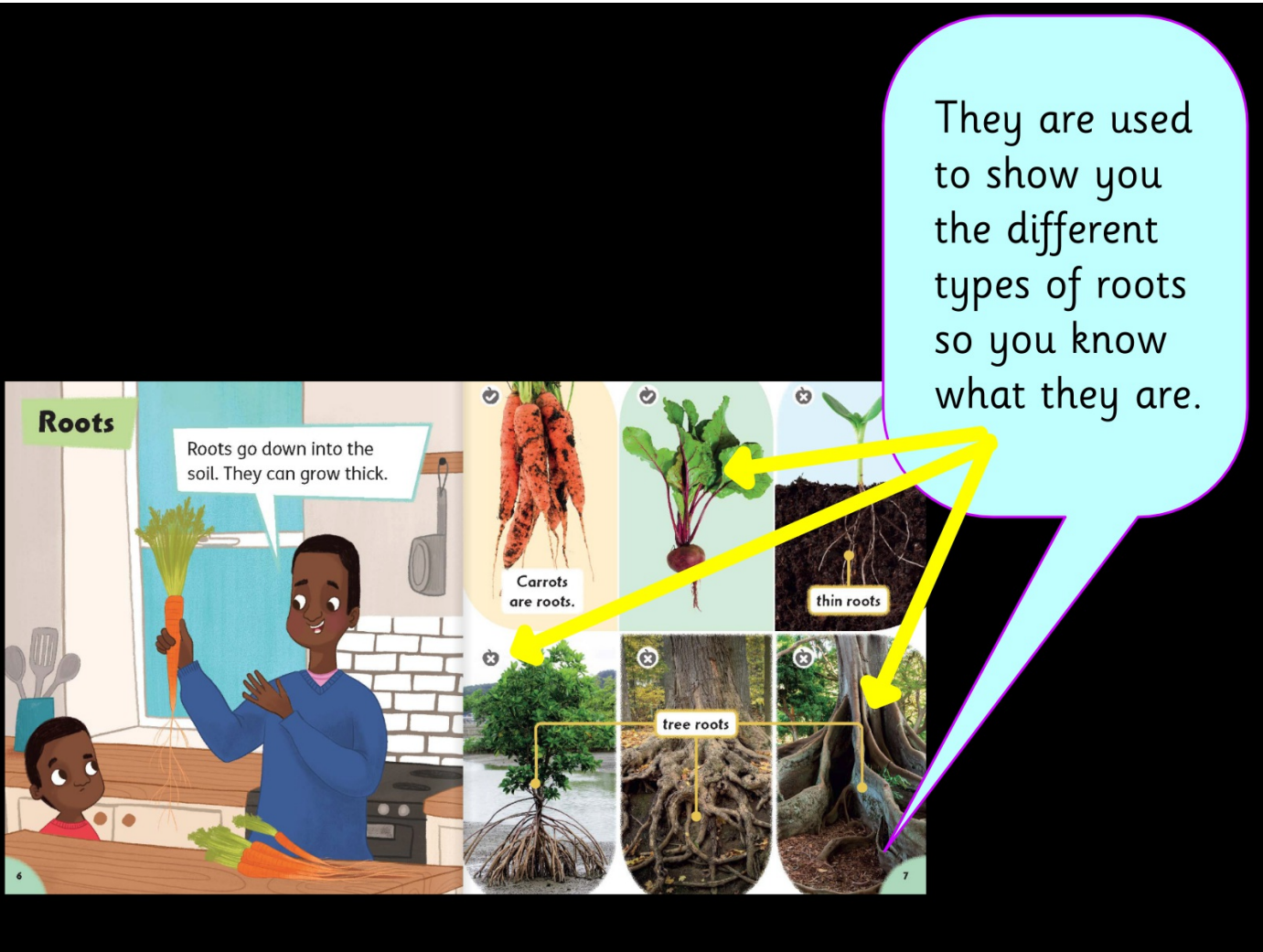
This is a sub-heading. These are mini-titles throughout a text which tell you what the specific section is about.

It is in bold so that it stands out against the rest of the text and makes you look there first.



Why are these used?





Roots

Roots go down into the soil. They can grow thick.

Carrots are roots.

thin roots

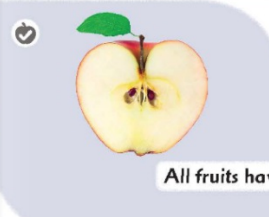
tree roots

They are used to show you the different types of roots so you know what they are.

Fruit

Lots of plants have fruit.
Lemons, plums, peppers
and pumpkins are all fruit.

Name 2
fruits
from the
text.



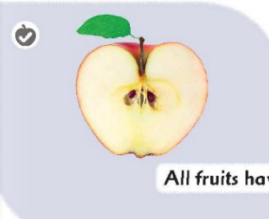
All fruits have seeds in them.

Fruit

Lots of plants have **fruit**.
Lemons, plums, peppers
and pumpkins are all fruit.

You could have
any of these:

- lemon
- plum
- pepper
- pumpkin
- pear
- apple
- watermelon
- cucumber



All fruits have seeds in them.

Seeds

Lots of plants have **seeds**. Seeds can be in **pods**, **nuts** or in fruit. Seeds can grow into new plants.

Complete this sentence

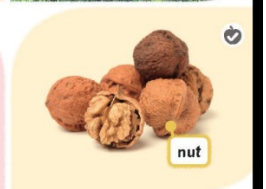
Seeds can be.....



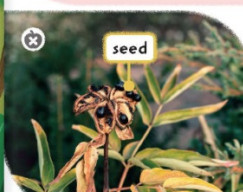
pod with seeds



fruit with seeds



nut



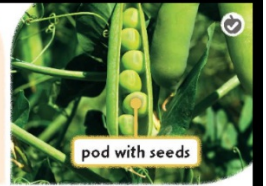
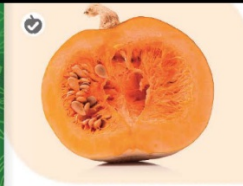
seed



Seeds

Lots of plants have **seeds**. **Seeds** can be in **Pods, nuts** or in **fruit**.
Seeds can grow into new plants.

Seeds
can be
in pods,
nuts or
in fruit.



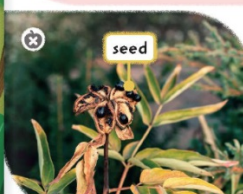
pod with seeds



fruit with seeds



nut



seed



What is this?

Why is it useful?

Glossary

fruit: part of some plants with seeds in; some fruits are food

nuts: part of some plants with a hard shell and a seed or seeds in; some nuts are food

Pods: part of some plants with seeds in; some pods are food

seeds: little parts of plants that can grow into new plants; some seeds are food

Index

fruit 14-15, 16, 17, 21

plants 4-5, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20

roots 5, 6-7, 21

seed 15, 16-17, 18, 19, 21

What is this?

When might we use it?

This is the glossary.

It explains what key words from the text mean.

Glossary

fruit: part of some plants with seeds in; some fruits are food

nuts: part of some plants with a hard shell and a seed or seeds in; some nuts are food

Pods: part of some plants with seeds in; some pods are food

seeds: little parts of plants that can grow into new plants; some seeds are food

Index

fruit 14–15, 16, 17, 21

plants 4–5, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20

roots 5, 6–7, 21

seed 15, 16–17, 18, 19, 21

This is the index.

You would use this to find any pages that have a specific word.

